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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/007,134	12/04/2001	Catherine M. Peyne	60937-123-US	3734
24341 75	590 07/05/2006	EXAMINER		INER
•	EWIS & BOCKIUS,	MALDONADO, JULIO J		
2 PALO ALTO SQUARE 3000 EL CAMINO REAL PALO ALTO, CA 94306			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2823	
		DATE MAILED: 07/05/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/007,134	PEYNE ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Julio J. Maldonado	2823			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)[\implies]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 A	pril 2006.				
•	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
	· 					
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 46-55 and 58-69 is/are pending in the	e application				
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>46-49,52-55,58-60,63-66,68 and 69</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) <u>50, 51, 61, 62 and 67</u> is/are objected	•				
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o					
	on Papers	,				
	•					
	The specification is objected to by the Examine					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) 🔲 Notic	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The claim objection as set forth in the Office Action mailed on 12/8/2005 is withdrawn in view of Applicants amendments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

3. Claims 46, 48, 54, 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Skee (U.S. 6,465,403 B1).

In reference to claims 46 and 48, Skee teaches a cleaning composition for semiconductor substrates including silicon, silicon oxide and copper, the composition including choline hydroxide; hydroxylamine or hydroxylamine salts; water; and an organic solvent selected from a group that includes dimethyl sulfoxide (column 6, lines

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17 – 49, column 7, line 35 – column 8, line 18, column 10, lines 25 – 53, column 11, lines 10 – 21 and column 15, lines 54 – 62).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 47, 49, 52, 53, 58-60, 63-65, 68 and 69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Skee (U.S. 6,465,403 B1) in view of the following arguments.

Skee teaches a cleaning composition for semiconductor substrates including silicon, silicon oxide and copper, the composition including enough choline hydroxide to achieve a pH of about 11 to about 13; about 1% to about 30% of hydroxylamine or hydroxylamine salts; about 0.1% to about 80% of organic solvent selected from a group that includes dimethyl sulfoxide; and water (column 6, lines 17 – 49, column 7, line 35 – column 8, line 18, column 10, lines 25 – 53, column 11, lines 10 – 21 and column 15, lines 54 – 62). Furthermore, Skee teaches adding from about 0.01% to about 10% of a chelating agent such as catechol and salicylic acid, which are hydroxybenzene compounds having the following formula:

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Skee fails to teach wherein the composition consists essentially of about 10 percent by weight to about 50 percent by weight of the choline compound. However, the selection of the recited concentration is obvious because it is a matter of determining optimum process condition by routine experimentation with a limited number of species to obtain a desired pH level. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the abovementioned concentration to arrive at the claimed invention

Still, Skee fails to teach wherein the composition consists essentially of about 10% by weight to about 80% by weight of water; from about 20% by weight to about 80% by weight of the organic solvent and about 0.5% by weight to about 5% by weight of an hydroxybenzene of the general class:

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However, in the case where the claimed ranges "overlap or lie inside ranges disclosed by the prior art" a prima facie case of obviousness exists. MPEP 2144.05. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the concentration ranges disclosed in Skee to arrive at the claimed invention.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 50, 51, 61, 62 and 67 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 4/10/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicants arguments regarding Skee, MPEP 2111.03 teaches, "...The transitional phrase "consisting essentially of" limits the scope of a claim to the specified materials or steps "and those that do not materially affect the basic and novel characteristic(s)" of the claimed invention...". Applicants assert that a "water-soluble metal ion-free silicate" is essential to the invention of Skee. However, there is no description in the submitted disclosure that said "water-soluble metal ion-free silicate"

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would affect the novel characteristics of the invention. For the purposes of searching for and applying prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102 and 103, absent a clear indication in the specification or claims of what the basic and novel characteristics actually are, "consisting essentially of" will be construed as equivalent to "comprising." See, e.g., PPG, 156 F.3d at 1355, 48 USPQ2d at 1355 ("PPG could have defined the scope of the phrase 'consisting essentially of' for purposes of its patent by making clear in its specification what it regarded as constituting a material change in the basic and novel characteristics of the invention."). See also AK Steel Corp. v. Sollac, 344 F.3d 1234, 1240-41, 68 USPQ2d 1280, 1283-84 (Fed. Cir. 2003) (Applicant's statement in the specification that "silicon contents in the coating metal should not exceed about 0.5% by weight" along with a discussion of the deleterious effects of silicon provided basis to conclude that silicon in excess of 0.5% by weight would materially alter the basic and novel properties of the invention. Thus, "consisting essentially of" as recited in the preamble was interpreted to permit no more than 0.5% by weight of silicon in the aluminum coating.); In re Janakirama-Rao, 317 F.2d 951, 954, 137 USPQ 893, 895-96 (CCPA 1963). If an applicant contends that additional steps or materials in the prior art are excluded by the recitation of "consisting essentially of," applicant has the burden of showing that the introduction of additional steps or components would materially change the characteristics of applicant's invention. *In re De Lajarte*, 337 F.2d 870, 143 USPQ 256 (CCPA 1964). See also Ex parte Hoffman, 12 USPQ2d 1061, 1063-64 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989). MPEP 2111.03.

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Conclusion

8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

- 9. Applicants are encouraged, where appropriate, to check Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) (http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair) which provides applicants direct secure access to their own patent application status information, as well as to general patent information publicly available.
- 10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to examiner Julio J. Maldonado whose telephone number is (571) 272-1864. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.
- 11. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Smith, can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax number for this

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group is 571-273-8300. Updates can be found at

http://www.uspto.gov/web/info/2800.htm.

Julio J. Maldonado Patent Examiner Art Unit 2823

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Julio J. Maldonado June 12, 2006

> GEORGE R. FOURSON PRIMARY EXAMINER